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LISTING OF CLAIMS

- 1. (Currently amended) A device for modulating a carrier signal comprising:
- (a) a mapper generating a first data signal at a selected one of a plurality of baud rates;
- (b) a scaler multiplying the first data signal by one of a plurality of predetermined scaler values selected to correspond to the baud rate to generate a scaled data signal;
 - (c) a complex mixer for generating a frequency shifting scaled data signal;
- (d) an upsampler circuit for increasing the sampling frequency of the frequency shifted scaled data signal; and
- (e) a pulse shaper circuit for generating a digital representation of a modulated carrier signal in accordance with the frequency shifted scaled data signal, wherein the pulse shaper circuit includes a finite impulse response filter and a coefficient matrix storing a set of coefficients for each of the I-channel and the Q-channel.
- 2. (Original) The device for modulating a carrier signal of claim 1, wherein the first data signal comprises an I-channel first data signal and a Q-channel first data signal, the scaled data signal comprises an I-channel scaled data signal and a Q-channel scaled data signal, and the frequency shifted scaled data signal comprises an I-channel frequency shifted scaled data signal and a Q-channel frequency shifted scaled data signal.
- 3. (Original) The device for modulating a carrier signal of claim 2, wherein the first data signal is a digital data signal with a sampling frequency corresponding to the highest of the plurality of baud rates.

- 4. (Original) The device for modulating a carrier signal of claim 3, wherein each of the predetermined scaler values is a value which provides for the scaled data signal to have approximately the same signal strength independent of baud rate.
- 5. (Original) The device for modulating a carrier signal of claim 4, wherein the complex mixer includes:
 - (i) a first multiplier and a second multiplier each multiplying the I-channel scaled data signal by a sine waveform and a cosine waveform respectively;
 - (ii) a third and fourth multiplier each multiplying the Q-channel scaled data signal by the sine waveform and a cosine waveform respectively;
 - (iii) a first summer adding the result of the second multiplier to the result of the third multiplier multiplied by negative one to generate the I-channel frequency shifted scaled data signal; and
 - (iv) a second channel summer adding the result of the first multiplier and the result of the fourth multiplier to generate the Q-channel frequency shifted scaled data signal.
- 6. (Original) The device for modulating a carrier signal of claim 5, wherein the sine waveform and the cosine waveform each have a frequency of one fourth the sampling frequency.
- 7. (Canceled)
- 8. (Currently amended) The device for modulating a carrier signal of claim [[7]] 3, wherein the plurality of baud rates are 2 Mbaud and 4 Mbaud and the sampling frequency is 4 MHz.

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- (Currently amended) The device for modulating a carrier signal of claim 8, 9. wherein the predetermined scaler values are a value of 1 corresponding to the 2 Mbaud baud rate and a value of 2/3 corresponding to the 4 Mbaud baud rate. complex-
- (Currently amended) The device for modulating a carrier signal of claim [[9]] 1, 10. wherein the finite impulse response filter is a 16 tap finite impulse filter and each set of filter coefficients includes 9 non-zero coefficients, each coefficient being a 10 bit coefficient.
- (Currently amended) A method for modulating a carrier signal, the method 11. comprising:
 - generating a first data signal at a selected one of a plurality of baud rates; (a)
- scaling the first data signal by one of a plurality of predetermined scaler (b) values selected to correspond to the baud rate to generate a scaled data signal;
- mixing the scaled data signal with a frequency signal to generate a (c) frequency shifted scaled data signal;
- increasing the sampling frequency of the frequency shifted scaled data (d) signal: and
- filtering the frequency shifted scaled data signal to generate a digital (e) representation of a modulated carrier signal, wherein filtering the frequency shifted scaled data signal includes finite impulse response filtering utilizing a set of predetermined filter coefficients for each of the I-channel and the Q-channel.
- (Original) The method for modulating a carrier signal of claim 11, wherein the 12. step of generating the first data signal comprises generating an I-channel first data signal and a Q-channel first data signal, the step of scaling the first data signal comprises scaling the I-channel first data signal and the Q-channel first data signal, and

the step of mixing the scaled data signal includes complex mixing of both the I-channel scaled data signal and the Q-channel scaled data signal.

- 13. (Original) The method for modulating a carrier signal of claim 12, wherein the first data signal is a digital data signal with a sampling frequency corresponding to the highest of the plurality of baud rates.
- 14. (Original) The method for modulating a carrier signal of claim 13, wherein each of the predetermined scaler values is a value which provides for the scaled data signal to have approximately the same signal strength independent of baud rate.
- 15. (Original) The method for modulating a carrier signal of claim 14, wherein the step of complex mixing the scaled data signal includes:
 - (i) subtracting the result of the Q-channel scaled data signal multiplied by a sine waveform from the result of the I-channel scaled data signal multiplied by a cosine waveform to generate an I-channel frequency shifted data signal;
 and
 - (ii) adding the result of the Q-channel scaled data signal multiplied by a cosine waveform from the result of the I-channel scaled data signal multiplied by a sine waveform to generate a Q-channel frequency shifted data signal.
- 16. (Original) The method for modulating a carrier signal of claim 15, wherein the sine waveform and the cosine waveform each have a frequency of one fourth the sampling frequency.
- 17. (Canceled)

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- 18. (Currently amended) The method for modulating a carrier signal of claim [[17]] 13, wherein the plurality of baud rates are 2 Mbaud and 4 Mbaud and the sampling frequency is 4 MHz.
- 19. (Currently amended) The method for modulating a carrier signal of claim 18, wherein the predetermined scaler values are a value of 1 corresponding to the 2 Mbaud baud rate and a value of 2/3 corresponding to the 4 Mbaud baud rate.
- 20. (Currently amended) The method for modulating a carrier signal of claim [[19]] 11, wherein the finite impulse response filtering is 16 tap filtering and each set of filter coefficients includes 9 non-zero coefficients, each coefficient being a 10 bit coefficient.